Waveform Analysis for DM-Ice17

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DM-Ice17 Energy Spectrum



DM-Ice17 Events



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Mean Time (τ)

Studies of alpha quenching factors and alpha source concentrations are greatly improved by separating the gamma and alpha spectra. Differences in scintillation behavior for electron and nuclear recoils make such separation possible.



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Mean Time Separation



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Other High Energy Events



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Expected "Fast" Alphas

- (Thorium Chain) ²¹²Bi gamma decays to ²¹²Po 64.05% of the time
 - ²¹²Po has a half-life of **299 ns**
 - Estimated **1164.5 uHz** rate based on previous alpha analysis
- (Uranium Chain) ²¹⁴Bi gamma decays to ²¹⁴Po 99.98% of the time
 - ²¹⁴Po has a half-life of **164,000 ns**
 - Estimated **198.3 uHz** rate based on previous alpha analysis.
- Accidental coincidence of gammas and alphas
 - Based on alpha event rate, expected at **1.162** uHz, i.e. small compared to expected rate from the two BiPo contributions



BiPo Analysis



Parameter	Fit	Error	Expectation
²¹² Po t _{1/2} (ns)	297.3	4.1	299
²¹² Po conc. (uHz)	1052.3	11.1	1164.5
²¹⁴ Po conc. (uHz)	187.7	5.6	198.3

Great agreement of half-life (i.e. this *is* dominated by Thorium chain BiPo)

Good agreement of concentrations for both BiPo processes, though the alpha analysis produces values 5-10% higher.

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Low Energy Analysis



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⁴⁰K 3 keV peak



DAMA/LIBRA plot showing coincidence between 1461 keV events in one crystal with 3 keV events in a neighboring crystal.

⁴⁰K decay to ⁴⁰Ar results in a 3 keV peak due to x-rays and auger electrons.

- Low energy calibration point.
- "Target" line for energy threshold.
- Multi-crystal coincidence allows for tagging these events.



C.Cuesta, "Status of the ANAIS Experiment" 6th Multidark Consolider Meeting

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Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Events



- Hardware monitoring produces interference that triggers DMlce17.
- Monitoring frequency decreased in March 2012 to reduce these events.
- Pulse shape discrimination used to cut EMI events.



$$discriminator = \int_0^{600 \, ns} \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2 dt$$
$$discriminator = \sum_{i=1}^{127} \left(\left(x_{i+1} - x_i\right) - \left(x_i - x_{i-1}\right)\right)^2$$

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EMI Cut



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Thin Pulses

Interactions within the PMTs or light guides?





Plan to use Fermi test site to test origins of these events. For DM-lce17, pulse shape discrimination required to remove this noise.

Thin Pulses



Peak Finding Cut



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- "Peak Finding" in theory counts the number of photoelectrons in each PMT.
- In practice, a simple peak finding algorithm is used to count local maxima above a threshold.
- Cut Requirement : Each PMT sees 5+ peaks

Low Energy Region (After Cuts)



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DM-Ice Full Scale



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Conclusions



- Thanks to high energy analysis, we have a good understanding of the crystal contaminations and low energy backgrounds for DM-Ice17.
- From cosmogenic activation, we have a strong verification of the DM-lce17 energy calibration.
- Studies of the stability of low energy cuts are underway for modulation analysis